The Science of Secretory Activation: Implications for Breastfeeding Medicine Specialists



Paula P. Meier, PhD, RN
Professor of Pediatrics
and
Nursing
Rush University Medical Center
Chicago, IL

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Disclosures

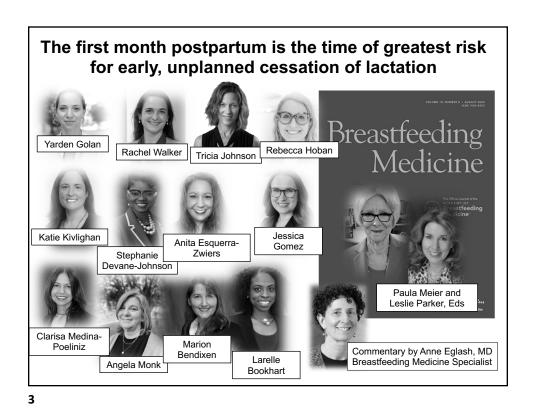
Active Research and Training Awards

- NIH: Reducing Disparity in the Receipt of Mothers' Own Milk in VLBW Infants: An Economic Intervention to Improve Adherence to Sustained Breast Pump Use: ReDiMOM Trial (2020-2024; Patel and Johnson, Pls)
- NIH: Early Childhood Neurodevelopmental, Economic and Nutritional Outcomes Among Former VLBW Infants from the ReDiMOM Trial (2022-2026; Johnson and Patel, Pls)
- PCORI: Clinically Integrated Breastfeeding Peer Counseling to Promote Breastfeeding Equity (2021-2025; Borders, PI)
- NIH: Effect of Gestational Age at Delivery on Lactation Outcomes in Pump-Dependent Mothers of Critically III Infants (K23; Bendixen, 2023-2026)
- NIH: Reducing the Disparity in the Receipt of Mothers' Own Milk in Black VLBW Infants: Understanding the Perceptions of Mothers and Maternal Matriarchs (ReDiMOM Diversity Supplement; 2022-2024; DeVane-Johnson)
- AHRQ: Optimizing Utilization of Lay Health Workers to Address Maternal and Child Health Disparities: Comprehensive Evaluation of a Clinically Integrated Breastfeeding Peer Counselor Program (K01; Keenan-Devlin, 2022-2026).

Industry Research Funding and Consultation

Medela AG, Baar, Switzerland

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The first month postpartum is the time of greatest risk for early, unplanned cessation of lactation

 Practitioners recommend "extra support" but without specific, evidence-based interventions to characterize effective "support" and evaluate outcomes

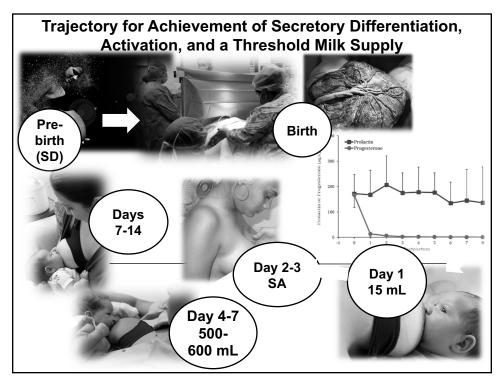
 Most interventions have been behavioral and/or motivational (additional education, visits with lactation care providers, use of peer counseling, economic incentives)

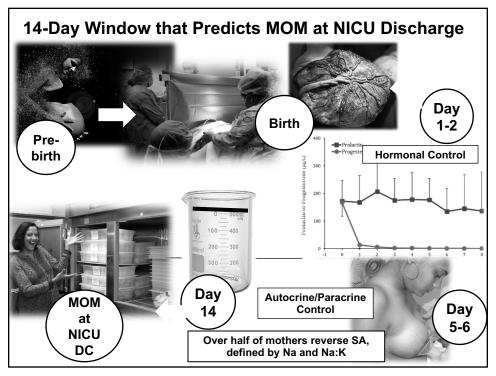
 Lost in all of this is leveraging the complex biology of the first 2-4 weeks postpartum to identify and mitigate predictable and unpredictable lactation problems in "healthy" and "at risk" dyads

Meier PP, Parker LA (2025). Overview of Special Issue, **Breastfeeding Medicine**,





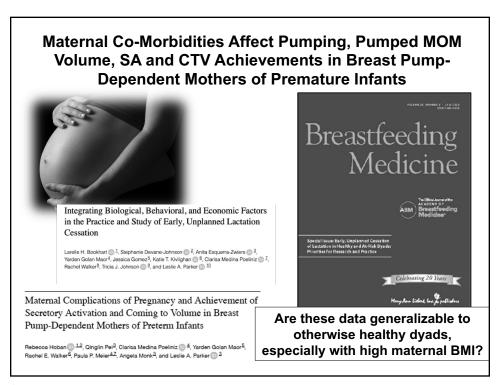




From Birth to SA Achievement 1-2 Day 5-6 Birth Affected by adiposity

- Affected by adiposity (Fat tissue harbors progesterone)
- Retained placental fragments
- Is the mechanism for concerns about early hormonal contraception (EHC)
- Affected by pumping/suckling frequency and effectiveness (optimal latch, LPT infant, incorrect suction pressures, breast shield sizes
- Affected by maternal metabolic disorders (obesity, hypertension, diabetes)
- May be affected by other co-morbidities attributable to disordered secretory differentiation

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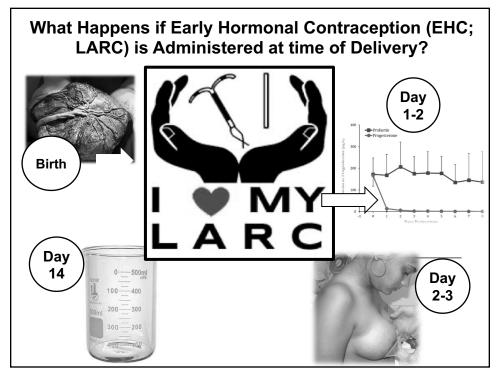
When Two Public Health
Priorities Collide: Early
Hormonal Contraception and
Lactation Initiation in
Mothers of Very Preterm
Infants

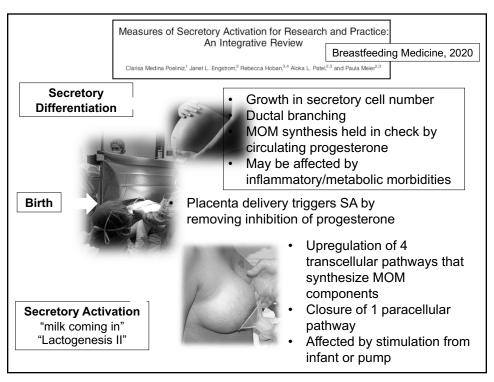
Rebecca Hoban, MD MPH

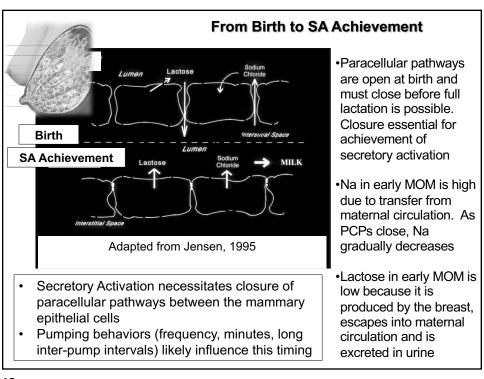
Assistant Professor of Pediatrics
Rush Children's Hospital, Section of Neonatology

Study Conceptualized in 2015
Use of MOM Biomarkers of SA and Pumped MOM Volume as Outcome Variables

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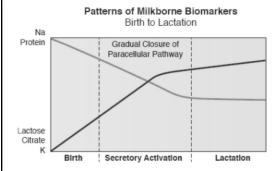






MOM Biomarkers of Secretory Activation (SA)

•Reflect the upregulation of 4 transcellular pathways and closure of a single paracellular pathway in the mammary gland



- WNL for all 4 biomarkers (Na, citrate, protein, lactose, Na:K ratio)
 - Dose-response between number of biomarkers WNL and MOM volume (Hoban, 2020)
- Na and/Na:K ratio only
 - Na ≤ 12, Na:K < 0.6
 - Na ≤ 16, Na:K < 0.8
 - Na ≤ 20, Na:K < 1.0

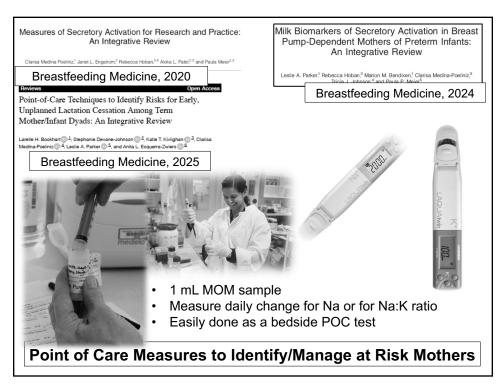
Measures of Secretory Activation for Research and Practice:

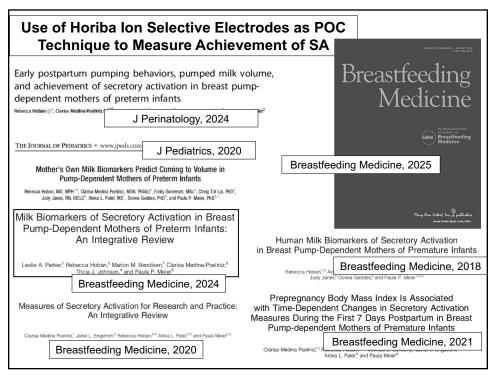
An Integrative Review

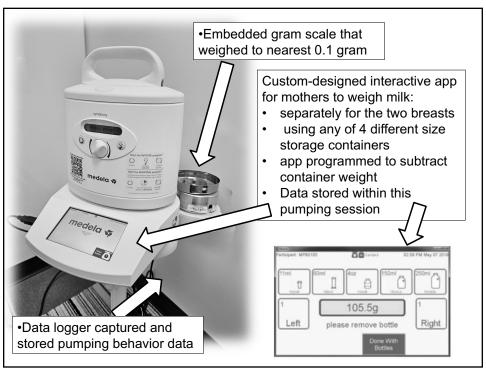
Breastfeeding Medicine, 2020

Clarisa Medina Poeliniz, Janet L. Engstrom, Rebecca Hoban, Aloka L. Patel, and Paula Meier^{2,3}

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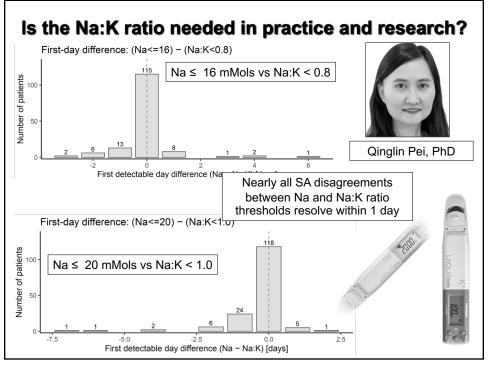


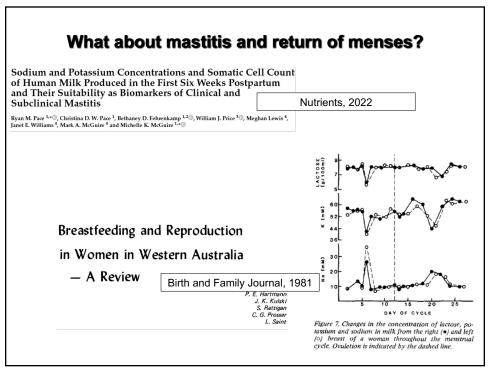


What is the best measure of paracellular pathway permeability in the mammary gland?

- Lactose and citrate are the most relevant components, signaling upregulation of transcellular pathways and closure of paracellular pathway
 - -24-hour urinary lactose measures used as SA identification in older studies
 - Citrate, the "harbinger of lactogenesis", is not affected by paracellular pathway patency
- Na has been used for decades and is the oldest measure in both humans and animals
 - Measures are unaffected by maternal diet (Ereman,1987) nor which breast sampled, or whether sampled pre-or post-feed (*during established lactation*)*
 Koo, 1982). Which breast and inter-feed/pump interval may be important for SA
- Na:K ratio first credited to Filtreau (1999) to detect subclinical mastitis in Bangladeshi women
 - Proposed standardizing the Na only measure by K to control for measurement variation and changes in biomarkers over longer lactation (goal to detect mastitis)
- Some studies have used both Na and Na:K ratio or only Na:K for early lactation outcomes, based on Filtreau's rationale
 - -LeMay (2014), Murase (2017), Wang (2025), Hoban (2018, 2020, 2024), Esquerra-Zwiers (2022)

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Summary and Next Steps

- Na alone is an accurate biomarker of paracellular pathway patency to detect SA
 - -Na:K ratio is not needed for clinical practice
 - If Na:K ratio is used for research, threshold values need to be altered for the K Horiba ion electrode
- Na alone does NOT truly measure SA achievement It is the best default, and likely detects most problems
 - Achievement per se may be having all biomarkers WNL (lactose, citrate, sodium, total protein, potassium)
 - This scenario may characterize problems with SD that present as problems with SA
- Current Na thresholds for SA are likely just placeholders until we can model trajectories between various Na thresholds, postpartum day and pumped MOM volume
 - In other words, trends versus absolute values (similar to managing bilirubin post-birth) will likely be the future algorithm for interventions



 Case studies from your practices, especially if in collaboration with our research team, will be important to this work.